Contribution to HiLiftPW-3

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PID 035

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Summary of cases completed: PHASTA, Committee, Spalart-Allmaras

Case	Alpha=8, Fully turb, grid study	Alpha=16, Fully turb, grid study	Other
1a (full gap)	Yes	Yes	B1 Vgrid C/M/F
1b (full gap w adaption)	no	no	
1c (partial seal)	no	no	
1d (partial seal w adaption)	no	no	
Other			

Case	Polar, Fully turb	Polar, specified transition	Polar, w transition prediction	Other
2a (no nacelle)	Yes	no	Yes	C1 Vgrid M
2b (no nacelle w adaption)	no	no	no	
2c (with nacelle)	Yes	no	Yes	C1 Vgrid M
2d (with nacelle w adaption)	no	no	no	
Other				

Case	2D Verification study	Other
3	Yes	
Other		

Summary of cases completed: PHASTA, Simmetrix, Spalart-Allmaras

Case	Alpha=8, Fully turb, grid study	Alpha=16, Fully turb, grid study	Other
1a (full gap)	Yes	Yes	C/M
1b (full gap w adaption)	no	Yes	ongoing
1c (partial seal)	no	no	
1d (partial seal w adaption)	no	no	
Other			

Geometry Model	Grid Type	Grid Level	Nodes	BFaces	Volume Cells
HLCRM-Full Gap	Unstructured Tetrahedra	Coarse	8.0 M	482 K	46.4 M
		Medium	22.4 M	1.27 M	132.4 M

- Simmetrix mesh designed for adaptivity
 - Generated against native CAD (Parasolid kernel)
 - Medium Simmetrix mesh matches Medium B1
 - Coarse Simmetrix mesh doubles surface edge size but keeps wall normal distribution of medium B1.
 - Also some refinement of corners
 - Still comparable size (e.g., B1 sizes are C=8.1, M=26.5, F=69.9 million nodes).

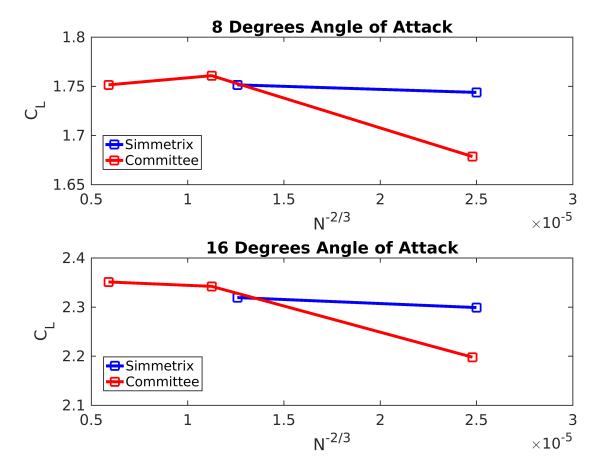
Summary of code and numerics used

- Parallel Hierarchic Stabilized Transient Analysis-PHASTA
 - SUPG finite element method with hierarchic basis, k<=4
 - Spatial accuracy demonstrated O(h^{k+1})
 - Backward Euler and second order generalized α time integration
 - Compressible and incompressible formulations
 - Scaled to more than 3M processes
 - Adaptivity linked to SCOREC/core and Simmetrix Inc. workflows to allow anisotropic boundary layer adaptivity
 - Results today are k=1, second order accurate in space
- RANS, URANS, and DDES completed on HiLiftPW2, DLR-F11. References:
 - Github.com/PHASTA and Github.com/SCOREC/core
 - AIAA Journal **53**,2,2014 Chitale et al.
 - AIAA 2014-{0749,2570,0117}, 2013-2445
 - AIAA-2017-3243 Vertical Tail Flow Control DDES Validation
 - AIAA-2017-3563 DLRF-F11, HiLiftPW2 RANS, URANS, and DDES

CRM

Grid refinement effects - Forces

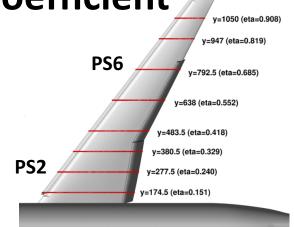
 Lift solution convergence, in terms of difference from fine grid result, was somewhat better for coarse grids at both AOA

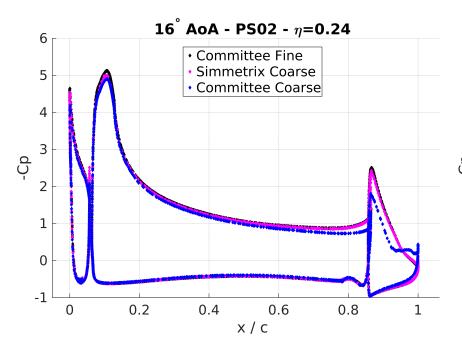


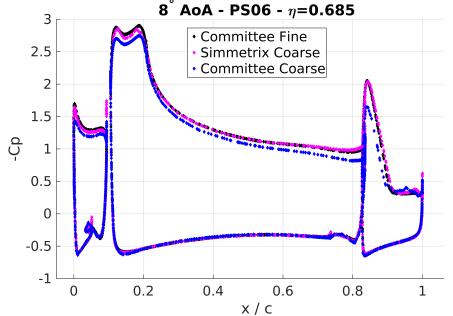
CRM

Grid refinement effects – Pressure coefficient

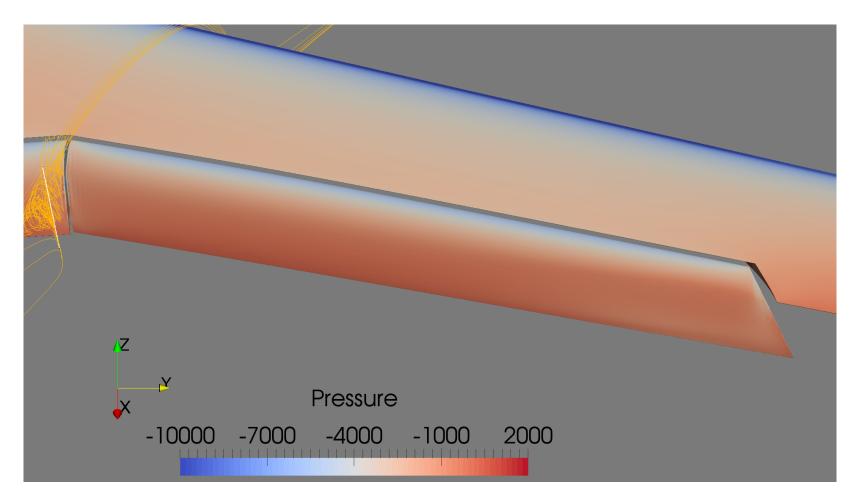
 Better coarse prediction of flap suggests B1 Coarse wall normal distribution likely the largest error source



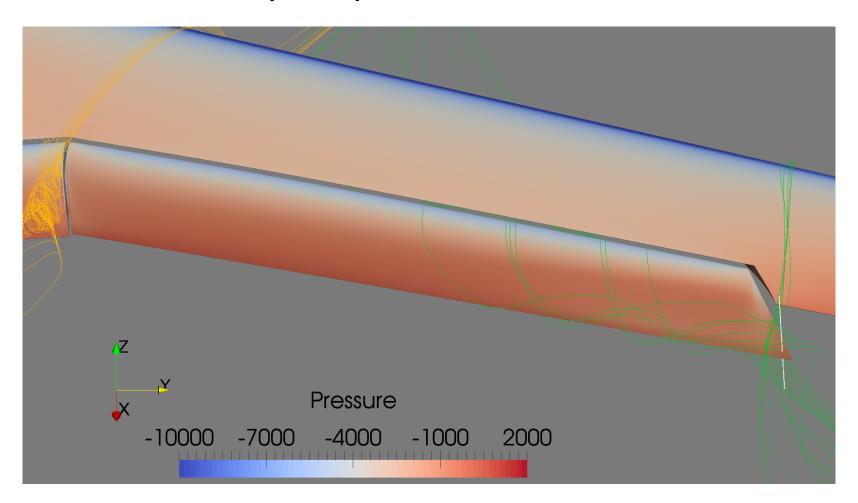




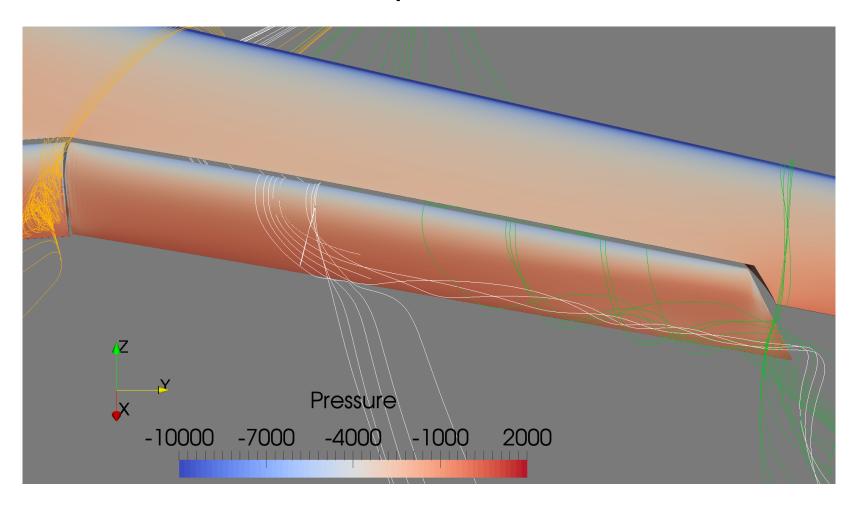
CRM Streamline Placement: Orange:Gap



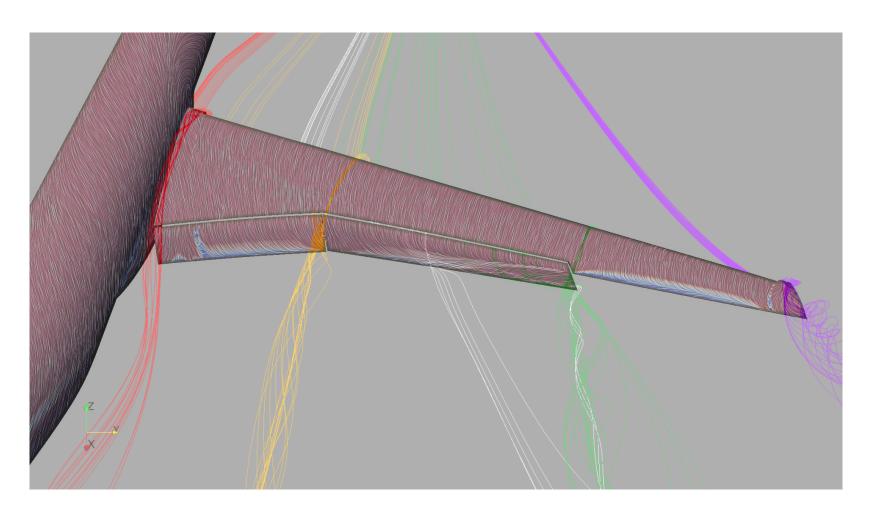
CRM Streamline Placement: Green: Flap Tip



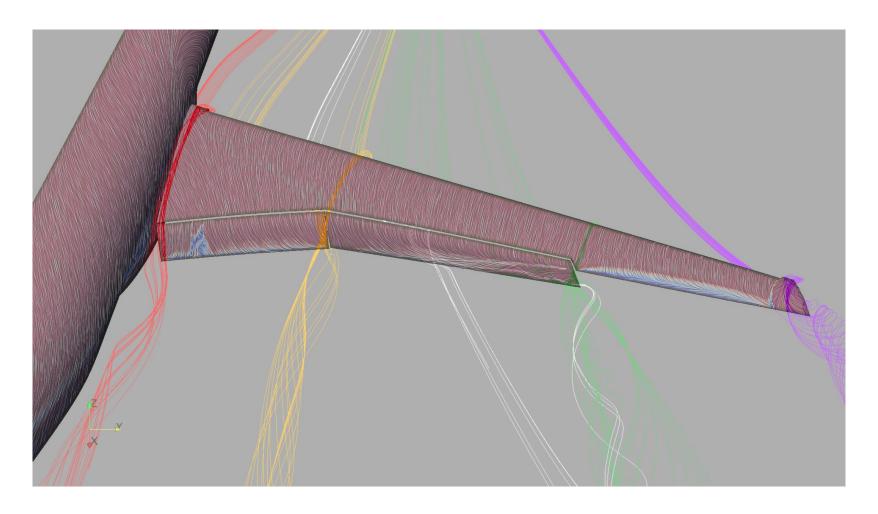
CRM Streamline Placement: White: Near Flap Surface



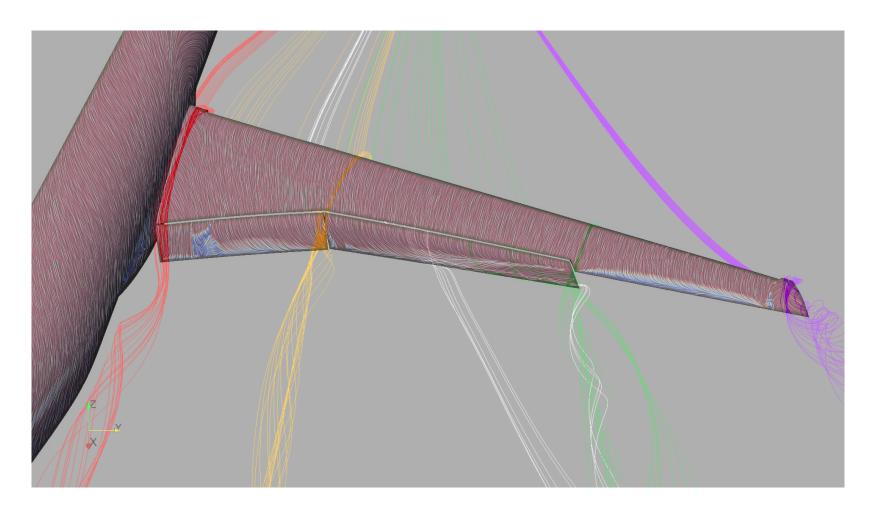
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Committee:Fine:16



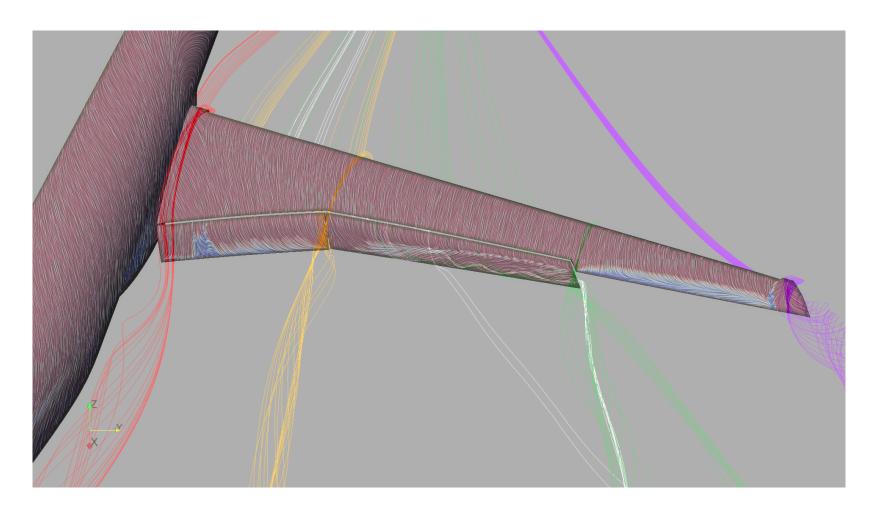
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Simmetrix:Medium:16



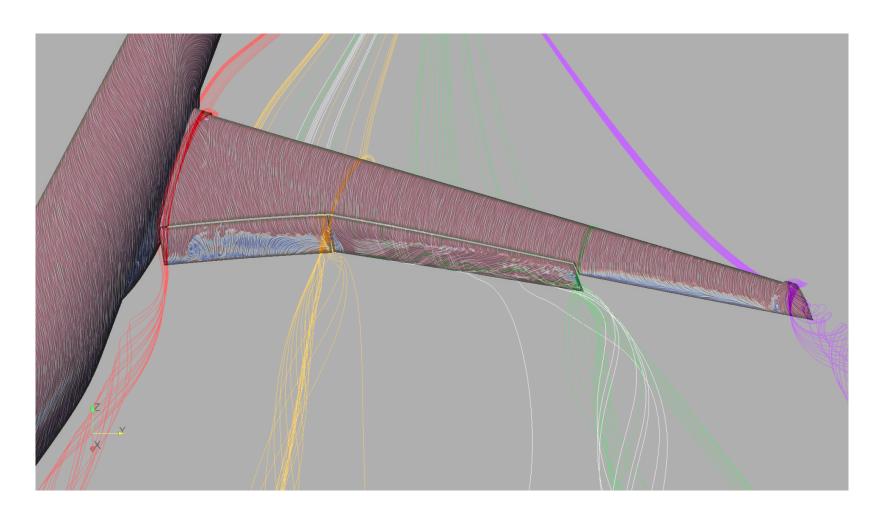
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Committee:Medium:16



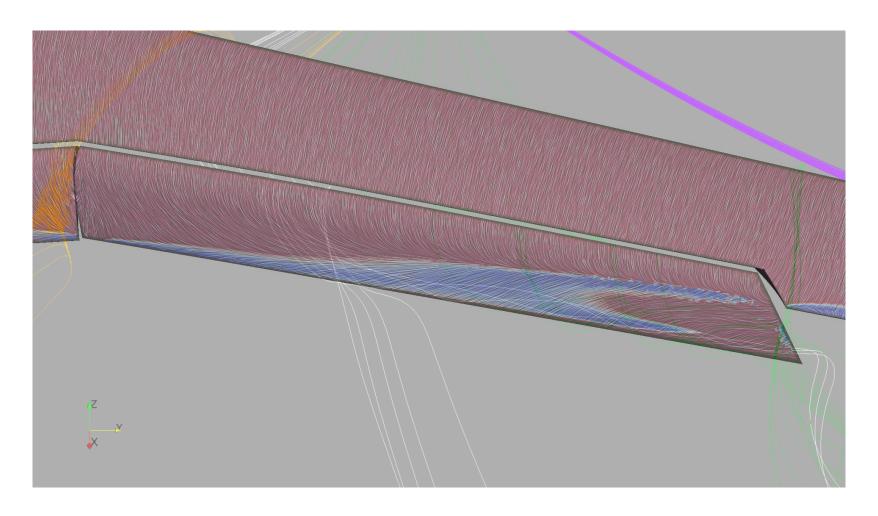
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Simmetrix:Coarse:16



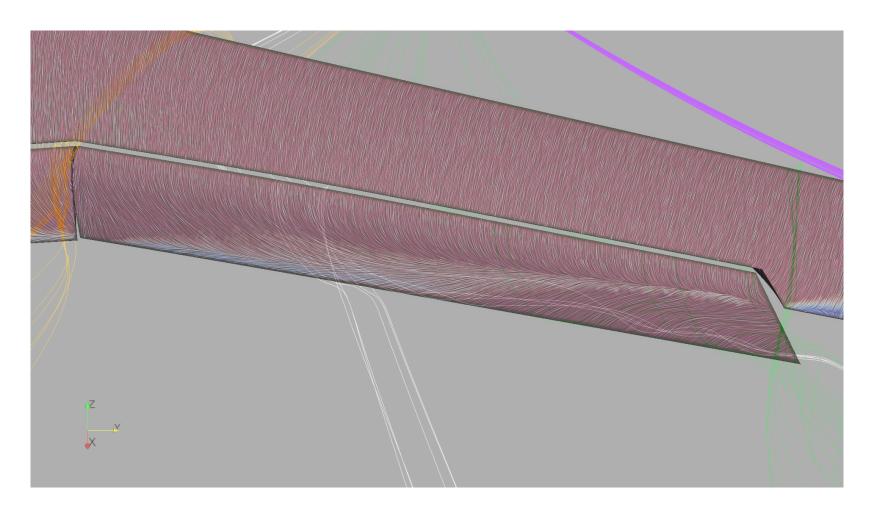
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Committee:Coarse:16



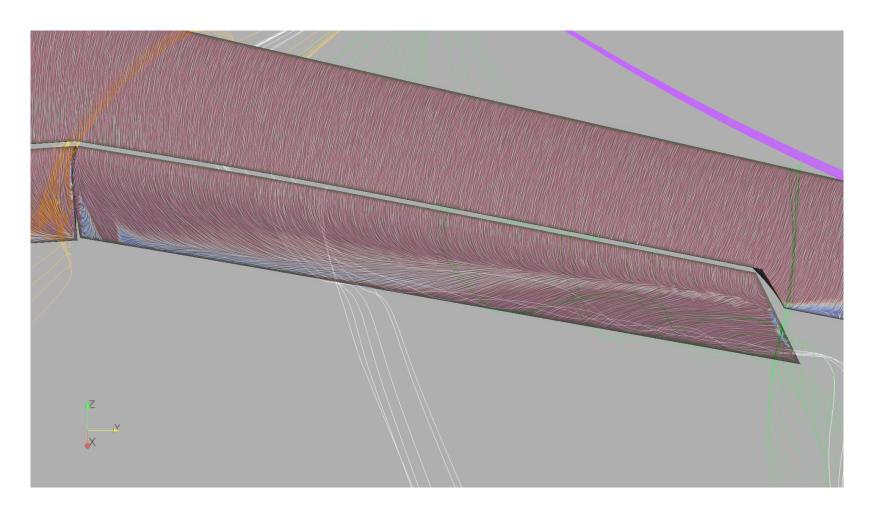
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Committee:Fine:16



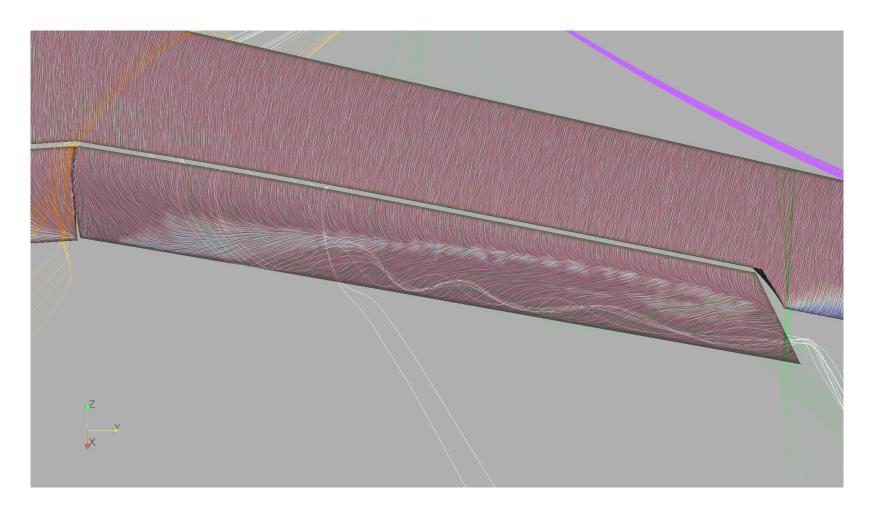
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Simmetrix:Medium:16



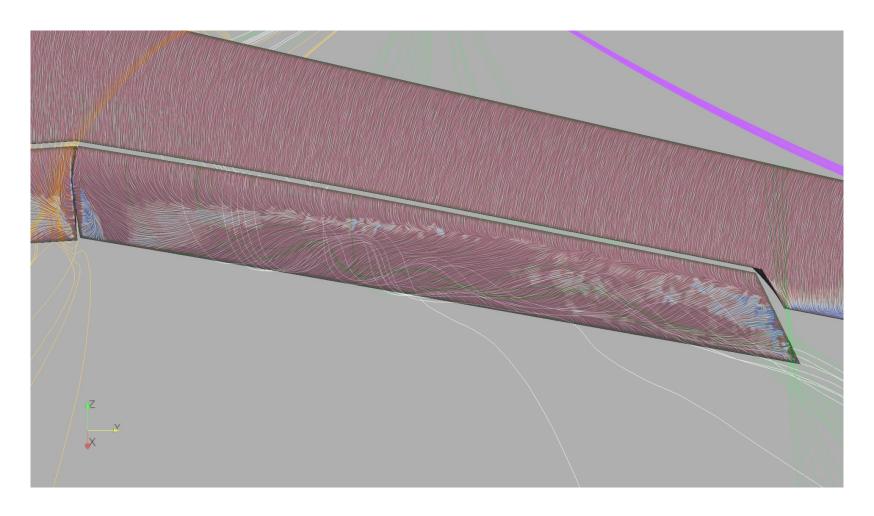
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Committee:Medium:16



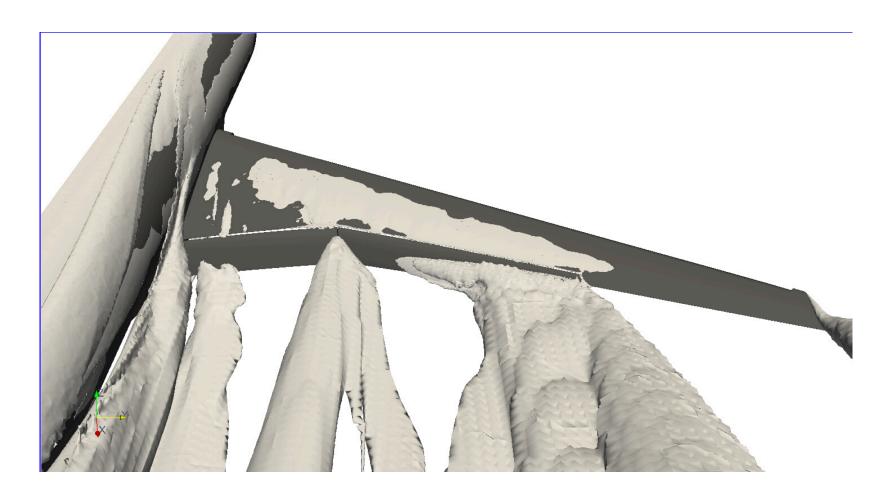
CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Simmetrix:Coarse:16



CRM Wall Shear Stress Streaks and Streamlines: Committee:Coarse:16



CRM Adaptation Envelope: Simmetrix:Coarse:16



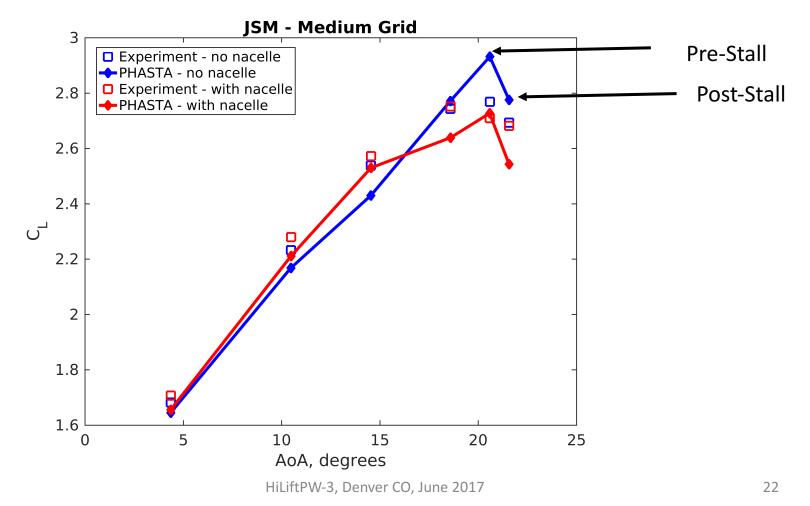
CRM Adaptation Envelope: Simmetrix:Coarse:16

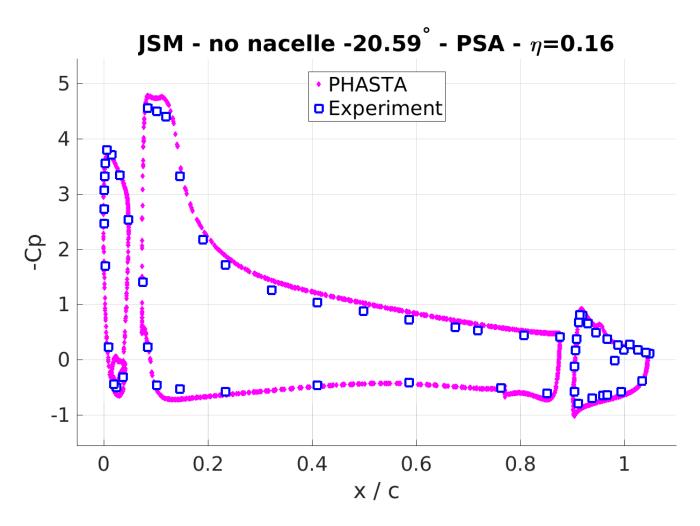


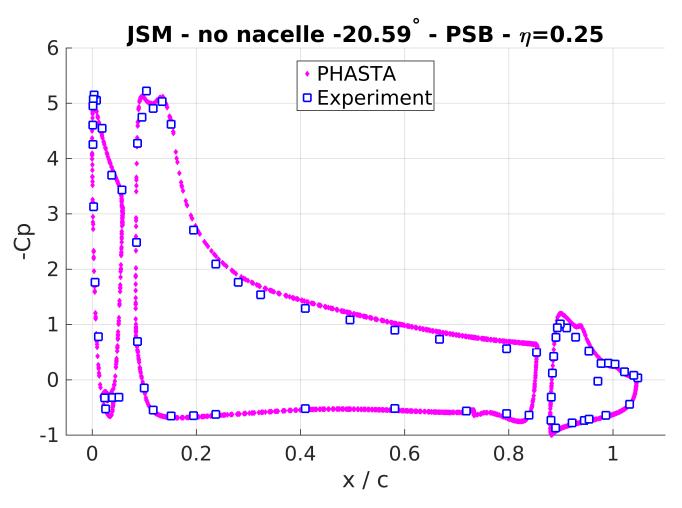
JSM

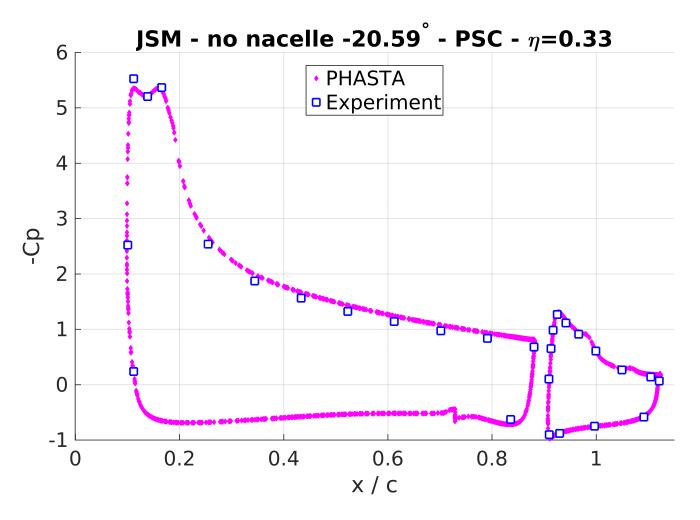
Aerodynamic forces

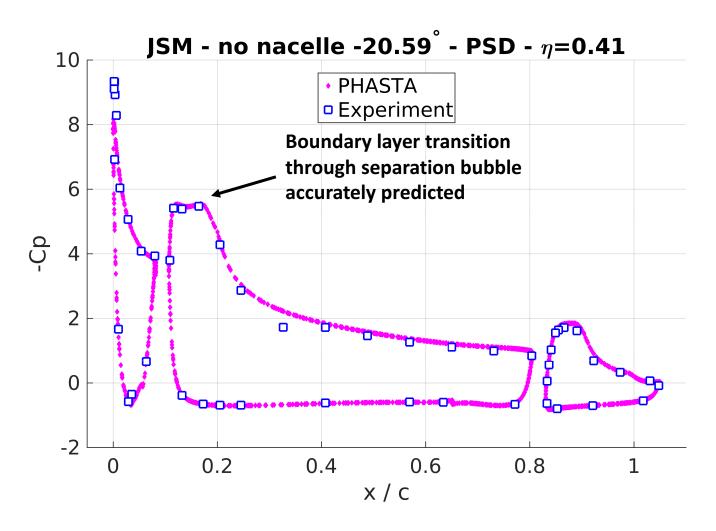
- Lift force
 - Stall angle predicted well but lift value off -- surprising given how well the Cp matches.
 - BUT, as with others, stall not the same mechanism as the experiment.
 - Influence of nacelle predicted well at lower AoA, not as much at larger angles.



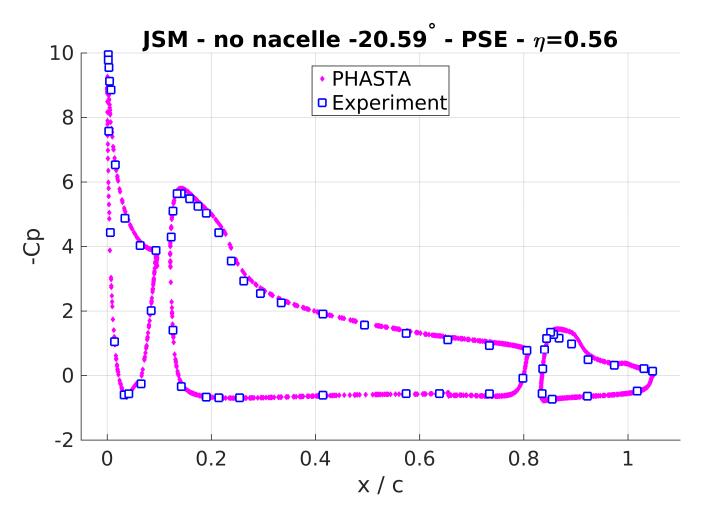


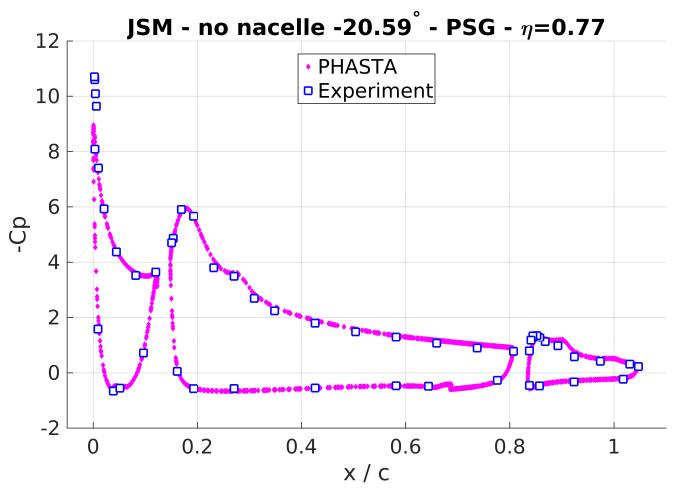




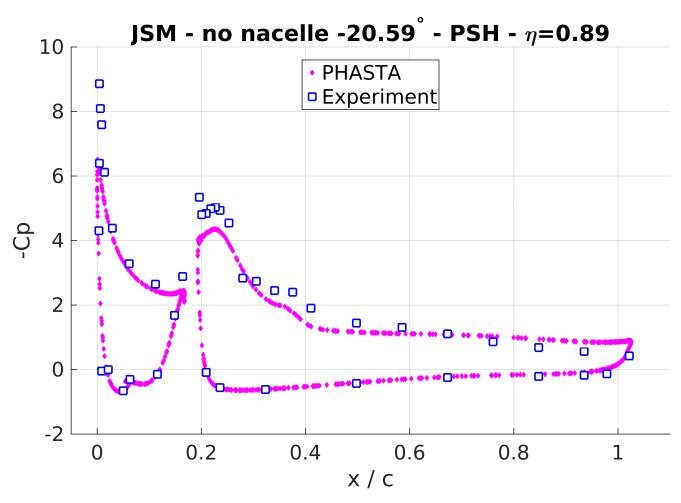


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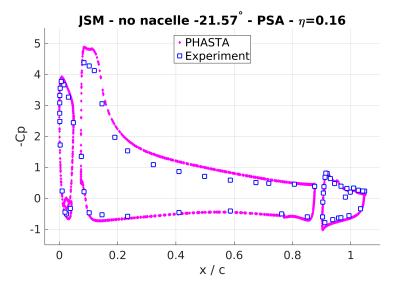


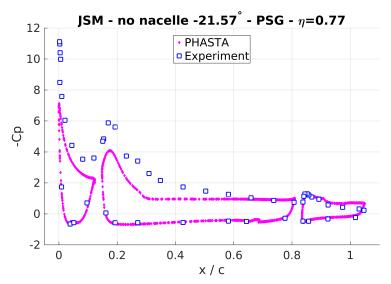
JSM Pressure Coefficients...and One Less Great

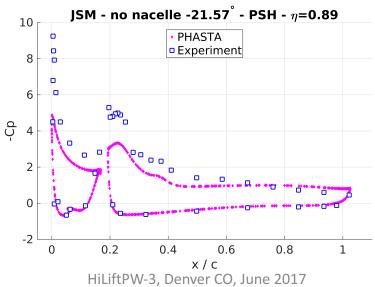


J2IVI

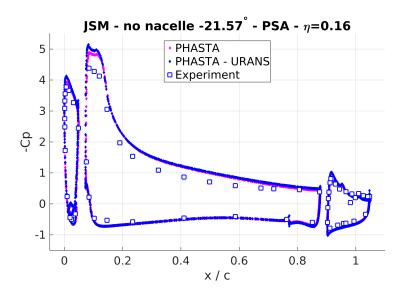
Pressure Coefficients: Post-Stall: Only the bad ones!

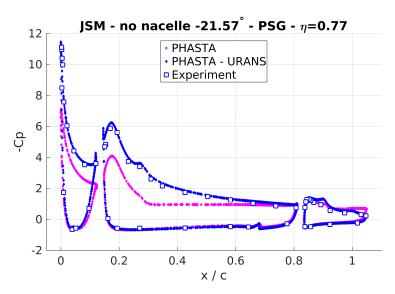




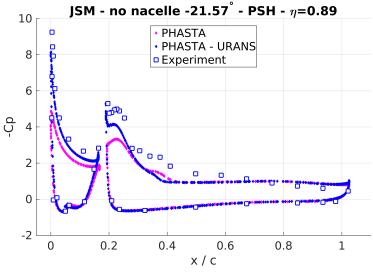


JSM Pressure Coefficients: Post-Stall: URANS Helps Some



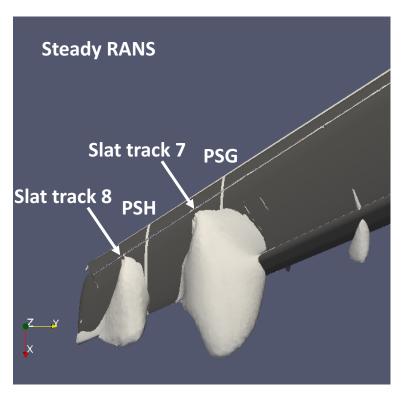


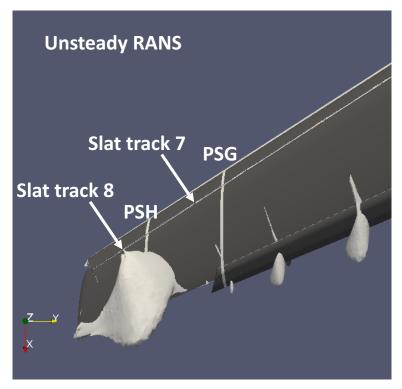
URANS D_{tf} =Dt U/c=0.05 0.01 no different. URANS started from uniform flow IC.



JSM Velocity Isosurfaces: Post-Stall

- Steady RANS predicts massive separation regions at PSG and PSH
- These are caused by vortical structures shed by slat track 7 and 8
- URANS does not predict separation at PSG and has modified shape of separation region at PSH

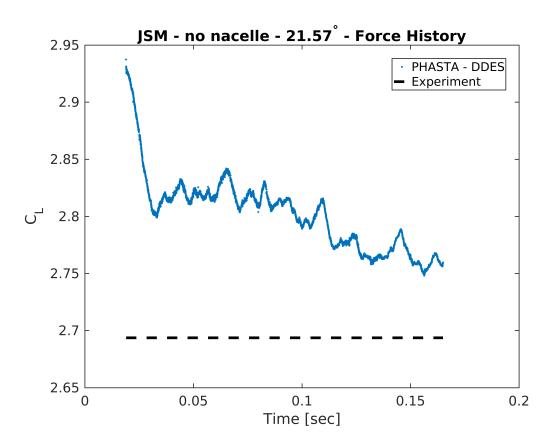




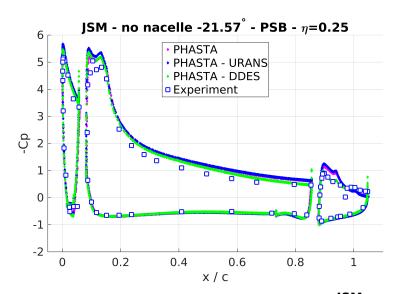
Isosurfaces of $\overline{u}=-0.1\ m/s$

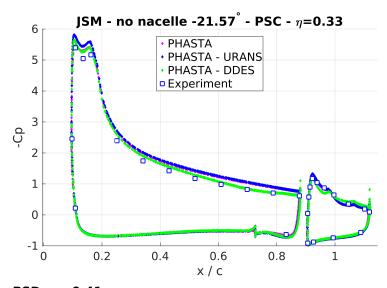
JSM DDES Force: Post-Stall

- DDES simulation on C2 mesh still in progress. 15k steps=15 chord flights=.15 seconds,
- Lift coefficient approaching experimental value

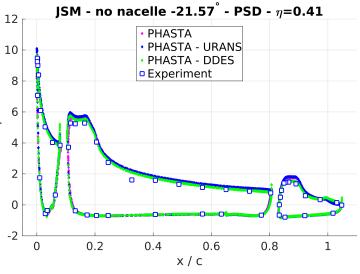


JSM DDES Pressure Profiles: Post-Stall

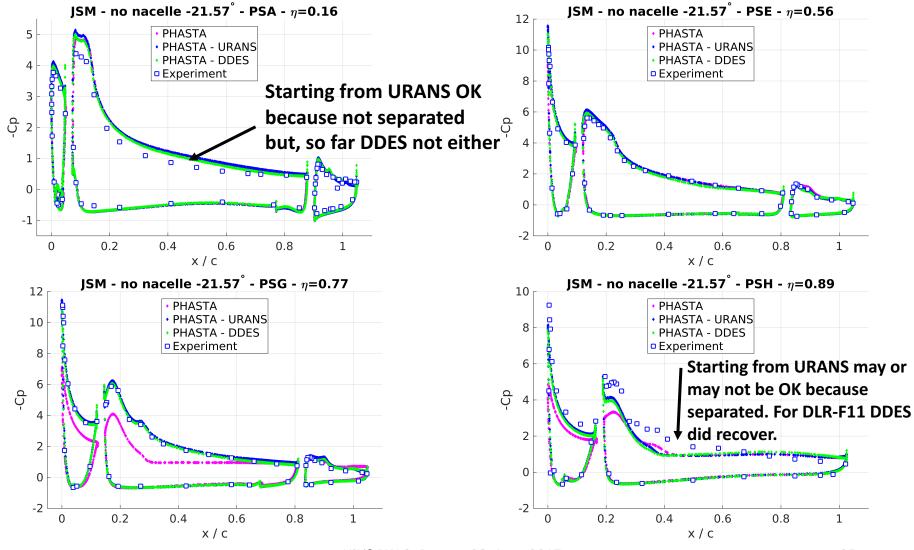




DDES gives a little better prediction over URANS of pressure at the TE of main element and over the flap



JSM DDES Pressure Profiles: Post-Stall



Summary

CRM

- Good convergence on committee (B1-C/M/F) and Simmetrix grids (C/M)
- Simmetrix grid used medium wall-normal resolution and this seemed to improve coarse-grid lift prediction dramatically
- Adaptations of Simmetrix coarse grid ongoing
- JSM (2-c also completed and submitted but no time to discuss) 2-a:
 - RANS (Steady)
 - Pre-Stall Cp predictions excellent for $h \le 0.77$, premature separation for h = 0.89
 - Post-stall Cp h =0.77 separated: separation from outboard, not capturing experiment inboard separation—correct max lift angle/stall, wrong reason.
 - URANS
 - Able to improve h = 0.77 but h = 0.89 still too separated, and missing root separation.
 - DDES
 - Ongoing....trending towards improved outboard prediction.
 - Likely require adaptivity to get root separation and h=0.89 correct.
 - DLR-F11 was successful but it was a more DDES friendly mesh (less anisotropic).
- Acknowledgments: ALCF INCITE and Early Science Projects for Mira and Theta -- DOE Office of Science Contract DE-AC02-06CH11357; Janus and Summit supercomputers NSF CNS-0821794 and ACI-1532235 and ACI-1532236. Software components: Simmetrix, SCOREC, Altair, Kitware.

Thanks!